

# Cross Country Skiing Sport Rules 

Special Olympics<br>

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## 1. GOVERNING RULES

The Official Special Olympics Sports Rules for Cross-Country Skiing shall govern all Special Olympics competitions. As an international sports program, Special Olympics has created these rules based upon International Ski Federation (FIS) rules for cross-country skiing found at http://www.fis-ski.com/. FIS or National Governing Body (NGB) rules shall be employed except when they are in conflict with the Official Special Olympics Sports Rules for Cross-Country Skiing or Article I. In such cases, the Official Special Olympics Sports Rules for Cross-Country Skiing shall apply.

Refer to Article 1, http://media.specialolympics.org/resources/sports-essentials/general/Sports-Rules-Article-1.pdf, for more information pertaining to Codes of Conduct, Training Standards, Medical and Safety Requirements, Divisioning, Awards, Criteria for Advancement to Higher Levels of Competition, and Unified Sports.
2. OFFICIAL EVENTS

The range of events is intended to offer competition opportunities for athletes of all abilities. Programs may determine the events offered and, if required, guidelines for the management of those events.
Coaches are responsible for providing training and event selection appropriate to each athlete's skill and interest.
The following is a list of official events available in Special Olympics.
10 Meter Ski Race - Classical Technique
25 Meter Ski Race - Classical Technique
50 Meter Cross-Country Skiing Race - Classical Technique
100 Meter Cross-Country Skiing Race - Classical Technique
500 Meter Cross-Country Skiing Race
1 Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Race
2.5 Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Race

5 Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Race
7.5 Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Race

10 Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Race
4x1 Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Relay
$4 \times 1$ Kilometer Unified Cross-Country Skiing Relay
3.1 If there are not enough athletes to properly division separate Classical and Free Technique events of sifnitlar distances, the events shall be combined and follow Free Technique .
3. BAEILITIES

Trails
3.1.3

Cross-country trails should be suitable in length and terrain to accommodate skiers of beginning, intermediate, and advanced skill levels. Suitable trails will be safe and will test the skills and physical fitness of each athlete.
The trail system should include a trail that can be used for the 1 through 10 kilometer events, and which does not have sections that cross themselves for at least 1 kilometer. Ideally, the long courses ( 2.5 through 10 k ) would have no sections which cross themselves.
Trails should be clearly marked with red flags or other such identifying banners, and monitors should be positioned at trail junctions to direct athletes onto correct trails where confusion could occur.

Trails shall be packed and tracks set prior to the events. After each day of competition, the course must be freshly prepared.
If more than one set of tracks are used, they should be 1 to 1.2 meters apart, measured from the middle of one track to the middle of the other. Individual ski tracks should be 20-24 centimeters apart, measured from the middle of one track to the other. Tracks should be at least 2-5 centimeters deep.
Consideration should be given to the ability level of the field of competitors when
determining whether or not a skating lane or a second set of tracks should be set. At least one set of tracks should be set and the other lane, which is mandatory, shall be set as either a skating lane or a second set of tracks.
3.1.6 Warming Facilities

A warming facility shall be readily accessible from the trails. It should be large enough to accommodate the Special Olympics crowd in case of extreme weather conditions.
Furthermore, waxing adjustments are easier to make inside a warm area than outside in the cold. Therefore, room in the warming facility should be reserved for waxing.
A warm-up area and a wax testing area shall be near the start area.
4. COURSE AND VENUE SPECIFICATIONS

Trail Maintenance Tools and Requirements
A ski area parking lot should allow for enough parking spaces for event volunteers, Special Olympics staff, coaches and athletes. Emergency vehicle access is mandatory.

Race organizers should know that trail maintenance equipment is available and adequate for preparing trails for the events.
A snowmobile, Grooming Cat, shovels, rakes, and a track-setter are mandatory items to have on hand before and during the competition to establish and repair the course should that become necessary due to course traffic or inclement weather.
Course Layout Equipment
Markers, all of uniform size and bright color, shall be placed around the trail at intervals such that the next marker may be seen clearly when standing at the one before it.
Poles and fencing shall be used to block off trails which might lead the competitors off the race course.
The start and finish areas should be marked off by fencing in order to restrict the presence of non-competitors and non-officials in those areas.
Snow fences shall establish a lap lane, if necessary.
Banners shall mark the start and finish lines as well as designate the site as a Special Olympics event.
Timing Equipment
Electric timing with a back-up hand-held timing system (four stopwatches, two at start and two at finish) shall be used for timing the 1 through 10 Kilometer events.
The 100 Meter event should be timed with a number of stopwatches equal at least to the number of athletes per division plus two. A watch should be assigned to each lane while the two extras should serve as back-ups. Each athlete should be timed in all events. Result sheets should reflect this policy. In the event that the finish referee disagrees with the order of finish as determined by times, the finish referee's decision shall be final.

## Public Address System

Race venues must make use of a good quality public address system to assist in the staging of events, broadcast of information and assistance of race operations, as well as general race commentary. Music should also be available.
Information Boards

An Official Bulletin Board with competitors' names and bib numbers, arranged in order of

Thermometers should be available to record air and snow temperatures at the start/finish areas as well as at the highest and lowest points of the course.
Temperatures should be announced throughout the competition.
5. COMPETITION STAFF

Race personnel shall include:
Chief of Competition
Race Secretary
Chief of Course
Chief Controller
Chief Timekeeper
Chief of Information
Chief of Medical and Rescue Services
Chief of Race Equipment

## Chief Steward

Forerunners

## 6. RULES OF COMPETITION

## General Rules and Modifications

Events ranging from the 500 Meter Race through the 10 Kilometer Race should be conducted utilizing the interval start format described in section 351.1 of the FIS rules for Cross-Country Skiing. That is, one or two racers should start on intervals every 30 seconds.
6.1
6.1.1 The start command for Cross-Country Skiing events ranging from the 500 meter race through
6.3.1.1 Refer to Article I SECTION G concerning composition of jury or sport-specific rules committee.
Event Specific Rules and Modifications
50 and 100 Meter Cross-Country Skiing Race
The 100 Meter event should be conducted in accordance with FIS rules for starting relay races with the following modifications to FIS rule in ICR, Book II, Sections 372.1:
6.3.1.1.1.1. The start line is a straight line. There must be eight lanes with tracks set in the center of each lane. These lanes must be a minimum of two meters wide.
6.3.1.1.1.2. Sections 372.2, 371.8 , and 378.1 do not apply to Special Olympics.

The course for the 100 Meter event should be as flat as possible. In no event should a course slope more than 5 percent. In the event that the course is set on slopes, the start of the race shall be such that the competitors will ski uphill to finish the race. Cross-Country Skiing Relay Races Divisions for cross-country skiing relay races shall be established by computing Team
6.3.3.1.1
6.3.3.1.2
6.3.3.1.3
6.3.3.1.4
6.3.3.2
6.3.3.2.1
6.3.3.2.2
6.3.3.2.3
6.3.3.3
6.3.3.3.1
6.3.3.3.2
6.3.3.3.3
6.3.3.4
6.3.3.4.1
6.3.3.4.2 Qualifying Times. A Team Qualifying Time is computed by combining the times of the members of a team in time preliminaries from the individual event of similar distance to one "leg" of the relay event (e.g. Times from the 1 Kilometer CrossCountry Skiing Relay).
Team members not entered in the individual event of similar distance to one "leg" of the relay event must enter and compete the preliminary event for that individual event.
Race officials may start a relay division once every minute.
When a $4 \times 1$ Kilometer Cross-Country Skiing Relay race has more than eight teams, race organizers should consider splitting the field and conducting two separate races in order to reduce/control start area exchange zone and course congestion. In the event a team does not execute a proper exchange, an exchange zone referee shall notify the skiers involved in the exchange immediately. It is then the skier's responsibility to decide whether or not to re-execute an exchange.
25 Meter Ski Race
Equipment
Start/finish poles
Food coloring/Paint
Stopwatch
Whistle
Set-up
Mark the start and finish lines 25 meters apart. Set the tracks on flat terrain.
Set poles on Mark the ends of the lines with appropriate start and finish gates.
The vertical drop of the course may be one meter.

Start command is: "racers ready...Whistle" or, racers ready..."GO" Timer starts clock when the official indicates that the athletes boot has crossed the plane of the start line.
Athlete skis the 25 -Meter course (with or without poles).
Athlete may not receive assistance from coaches, officials, volunteers, etc., at any time after he / she crosses the start line, or before he / she crosses the finish line.
Score
Athlete is timed from when one boot crosses the start line until one boot crosses the finish line.

Athlete's final score and placement is determined by the elapsed time of one run.

3. Y.N.1FIED SPORTS ${ }^{\circledR}$
7.1.2 Unified Events

A relay team consists of two Special Olympics Athletes and two Unified Sports Partners Selection of Special Olympics Athletes and Unified Sports Partners of similar age and ability is preferred for Unified Sports training and competition in Cross Country Skiing. Age and ability
8.1 matching will enhance the quality of the training and competition experience.
8. BISQUALIFICATIONS
8.1.3 A competitor may be disqualified by the jury if he/she:

Does not follow the marked course or does not pass all the control check points or takes a short cut.
8.1.6 Receives unauthorized assistance.

Fails to give way to an overtaking competitor when so requested or prevents another racer from passing.
Violates technique ruling regarding skating in classical races.
Does not finish with skis on his/her feet.
Falls or leaves the track: that individual has two minutes to resume racing, the competitor must also advance forward a minimum of 20 meters within that time. Failing to resume advancement on the track within two minutes, and/or receiving unauthorized assistance. Skier may leave the track to complete or exchange equipment as allowed.

CROSS COUNTRY SKIING SPORT RULES

